## Small-scale variability of Mediterranean rainfall: set-up and preliminary analyses for HyMeX SOP1 in Ardèche

A.Berne<br>with L.Barthes, B.Boudevillain, M.Calianno, G.Delrieu, S.Gérard, J.Grazioli, G.Molinié, H.Pietersen, Y.Pointin, T.Raupach, R.Uijlenhoet, J.Van Baelen

Annapolis - March 20th, 2013


## HyMeX

- HyMeX $=$ Hydrological Cycle in the Mediterranean Experiment
 (http://www.hymex.org/).
- Working Group 3: heavy rainfalls, flash-floods and floods.
- Special Observation Period 1 (SOP1) in Fall 2012.


## HPiconet

- Ardèche region, orographic rain.
- Dense networks of rain gauges, disdrometers, radars,...



## Scientific objectives

- Characterization of orographic Mediterranean precipitation.
- Links between variability, microphysics and dynamics across scales.



## Outline

(1) Overview of instruments deployed in Hpiconet during HyMeX SOP1.
(2) Quality control and preliminary analyses.
(3) Futures activities and perspectives.

## Disdrometers - Rain gauges

## Disdrometers

- 8 Parsivel1 (EPFL+LaMP).
- 3 Parsivel2 (LTHE).
- 8 sampling locations.


## 2DVD (EPFL)

- Size and shape of falling particles.


## Rain gauges

- 9 tipping-bucket gauges (LTHE).
- 7 sampling locations.



## Optical+microwave links

## Satellite links (LATMOS)

- 4 links (towards South).
- Around $12 \mathrm{GHz}, 30^{\circ}$ elevation.

Ground-based links (WUR)

- Optical + 26-38 GHz.
- Length: 3.13 km ,


Beam height / ground: 5-221 m.

## Conventional X-band radar

## RadarX (LaMP)

- Resolution: $\Delta r=60 \mathrm{~m}, \theta_{3 d B}=2^{\circ}$.
- Scan (3 min): 3 PPIs $\left(1,2,4^{\circ}\right)$.



## Polarimetric X-band radar

## MXPol (EPFL)

- Resolution: $\Delta r=75 \mathrm{~m}, \theta_{3 d B}=1.5^{\circ}$.
- Scan (5 min):

4 PPls (2, 3.5, 4, $6^{\circ}$ ) in DPP.
2-3 RHIs in FFT (64 points).
" $Z_{d r}$ calibration" (PPI 90 ${ }^{\circ}$, FFT).

## Data collected

- 8 significant events over 3 months.
- $\approx 250 \mathrm{~h}$ of precipitation.

- No HPE recorded.
- Different precipitation types.


## Example 1: 24 Sep. 2012 - convective line




Small-scale variability of Mediterranean rainfall: set-up and preliminary analyses for HyMeX SOP1 in Ardèche

## Example 2: 27 Oct. 2012 - Stratiform rain




Vertical Doppler Profile: power and $Z_{h}$

## MXPol calibration (1)

## Approach

- Use the network of 7 disdrometers.
- $\mathrm{DSD} \rightarrow Z_{h}$ and $Z_{d r}$ time series.
- Steady stratiform events.


## Assumptions

- Limited vertical variability. (alt. radar $=$ alt disdros +400 m )
- Limited data scale effects.



## MXPol calibration (2)

## $Z_{h}$

- Stable offset of 1.7 dBZ .
- Parsivel uncertainty $\sim 2 \mathrm{dBZ}$.

Compare Pars 10-Radar. Time res 60

$Z_{d r}$

- Every 5 min $\rightarrow$ average / event.
- $1.6<$ Offset $<2.6 \mathrm{~dB}(\sigma<0.1 \mathrm{~dB})$.

Compare Pars 10-Radar. Time res 60


## Comparison Parsivel / 2DVD (R)

24 Sep. 2012 (convective line)
25-26 Oct. 2012 (stratiform)



## Comparison Parsivel / 2DVD (DSD)

24 Sep. 2012, 2DVD

25-26 Oct. 2012, 2DVD



Parsivel



Parsivel-2DVD


## Comparison Parsivel / rain gauges (all events)

Les Blaches
Saint Germain


Lussas


Le Pradel 1


La Villedieu


## DSD variability

24 Sep. 2012 (convective line)

$D_{0}$


25-26 Oct. 2012 (stratiform)



Small-scale variability of Mediterranean rainfall: set-up and preliminary analyses for HyMeX SOP1 in Ardecche

## Summary and perspectives

## HyMeX SOP1 - Hpiconet

- Unique combination of instruments to characterize Mediterranean rainfall.
- Disdrometers and radars: microstructure + small-scale variability.
- Relevant for GPM GV (sub-grid variability, vertical profiles)!


## Future work

- Hydrometeor classification (polarimetric radars at S-, C- and X-band).
- DSD retrieval ( $\rightarrow$ vertical variability).
- Links with microphysics and large-scale conditions.
- Improved QPE + hydrological responses.
- Much more!


## Thank you for your attention!



